RESOLUTION OF THE CITY OF LONG BRANCH, NEW JERSEY OPPOSING OIL AND GAS ACTIVITIES ALONG THE NEW JERSEY SHORE

WHEREAS, on January 8, 2018, the federal Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM) announced in the Federal Register notice the release of their Draft Proposed Program (DPP) for the 2019-2024 Outer Continental Shelf Oil and Gas Leasing Program. BOEM is requesting public comment on the DPP as well as formal scoping for a Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement for the 2019-2024 Program; and

WHEREAS, this new plan includes the entire Atlantic Ocean from Maine to Florida, including the waters off New Jersey within 3 miles of beaches, as well as including other ocean areas totaling some 90% of US ocean waters; and

WHEREAS, New Jersey boasts over 127 miles of beautiful ocean coastline and hundreds of miles of back-bays, estuaries, and other waterways connected to the Atlantic Ocean; and

WHEREAS, the Jersey Shore is essential to the health of the our communities, environment and the thriving economy of New Jersey; and

WHEREAS, the City of Long Branch borders on the Atlantic Ocean with five miles of land and beaches on the Atlantic Ocean; and

WHEREAS, a primary driver of the City of Long Branch’s economy is the spring, summer, and fall tourism seasons, with the City having an increase in daily population numbering in the thousands; and

WHEREAS, the City of Long Branch has, through its own activities, increased its beachfront usage from $87,000 in public beach revenue in 1996 to approximately $2 million in beach revenue in 2017; and
WHEREAS, the beach revenue is derived primarily from beach goers and use of the Atlantic Ocean and its beaches; and

WHEREAS, the physical, hydrodynamic, and biological characteristics of the ocean off the Jersey Shore are unique in the world, as more than 300 species of fish, nearly 350 species of birds, five species of sea turtles, and many marine mammals such as 20 species of whales and dolphins, one species of porpoise, and four species of seals, frequent this region. Nine endangered species, four of which are whales, can be found in these ocean waters, including the Atlantic Right Whale, one of the world’s most endangered marine mammals. The region also serves as an essential migratory pathway for many of these species; and

WHEREAS, the Jersey Shore sustains the economy of the region with its bounty of natural resources and intrinsic values for millions of people through tourism. Tourism brings more than $32 billion to New Jersey’s economy each year and provides jobs to more than 500,000 people; and

WHEREAS, recreational and commercial fisheries in New Jersey provide enormous economic benefits, including revenue, food production, and recreational activities. In 2014, recreational fishing supported nearly 20,000 jobs and resulted in $2 billion of retail sales. Commercial fishing supports nearly 7,300 jobs and provides $152 million in landings, not including restaurant and retail sales; and

WHEREAS, current estimates of the amount of technically recoverable oil off the entire Atlantic coast from Maine to Florida would only last the nation approximately 229 days, and the amount of technically recoverable gas would only last approximately 562 days; and

WHEREAS, offshore oil and gas development, causes substantial environmental impacts, including: (a) onshore damage due to infrastructure, (b) water pollution from drilling
muds and the water brought-up from a well with oil and gas (called "produced waters"), (c) noise from seismic surveys, (d) air pollution, and (e) oil spills; and

WHEREAS, the harmful environmental consequences of offshore oil and gas exploration and development are serious and threatens the environmental and economic assets of New Jersey; and

WHEREAS, The BP Horizon disaster in the Gulf of Mexico (2010) is clear evidence of the dangers associated with offshore drilling, including costing the lives of 11 people, devastating coastal economies and countless livelihoods, and killing countless marine animals, as well as continuing to cause harm to marine life as documented by a steady flow of studies; and

WHEREAS, Federal Administration officials are also weakening protections of ocean resources by undermining rules and regulations, cutting funding sources for spill response; and

WHEREAS, oil spills travel vast distances, and the Gulf Stream and Labrador Ocean Current all flow toward New Jersey making the region vulnerable to impacts from spills anywhere in the Atlantic Ocean; and

WHEREAS, within five days of the release of the DPP Governor Scott from Florida was able to convince Department of Interior Secretary Zinke to remove Florida from further consideration for drilling due to the importance of coastal tourism to that state and NJ shares this same economic dependence on tourism and clean ocean economies; and

WHEREAS, the City of Long Branch is no different from Palm Beach, Florida or Miami Beach, Florida or Fort Lauderdale, Florida, or Stewart, Florida, or Juno Beach, Florida; and

WHEREAS, all of these communities have the same tourism goals and needs; and

WHEREAS, the tourism sector in New Jersey generated $41.9 billion in 2016, and half of that came from shore counties according to the New Jersey State annual tourism report; and
WHEREAS, tourism makes up 6.5% of all goods and services provided in New Jersey versus 9.5% in Florida, according to twin studies in 2016; and

WHEREAS, bi-partisan opposition against drilling off the New Jersey coast has included every Governor since 1985, and a majority of the congressional delegation and most coastal towns; and

WHEREAS, in the January 8, 2018, BOEM Federal Register to requests comments on the Draft Proposed Program (DPP) and scoping comments for the Programmatic Environmental Impact Study

WHEREAS, energy conservation and efficiency measures can significantly reduce the nation's need to explore and drill for nonrenewable resources, such as oil and natural gas; and

WHEREAS, coastal municipalities have a profound interest in maintaining strong federal protections for our nation's coastal environment, as well as the economic and social benefits it supports;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that on this 23rd day of January 2018 the Council of the City of Long Branch hereby opposes offshore oil and gas exploration and drilling activities that would affect the coast of New Jersey, and calls upon the Secretary of the Interior Ryan K. Zinke, who oversees the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, to withdraw New Jersey and the entire Atlantic Ocean from consideration for the offshore oil and gas exploration, development, or drilling; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution shall be sent to the Governor of the State of New Jersey, the President of the United States, the Secretary of the Interior Ryan K. Zinke, and to Ms. Kelly Hammerle, Chief, National Oil and Gas Leasing Program Development and Coordination Branch, Leasing Division, Office of Strategic
MOVED: Simoni
SECONDED: Bullock

AND ADOPTED UPON THE FOLLOWING ROLL CALL:

AYES: 5
NAYES: 0
ABSENT: 0
ABSTAIN: 0

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH
CITY OF LONG BRANCH
L.かいL. SCHELS, MUNICIPAL CLERK OF THE CITY OF
LONG BRANCH, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THE FOREGOING
TO BE A TRUE, COMPLETE AND CORRECT COPY OF
RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE CITY COUNCIL AT A
REGULAR MEETING HELD ON 4-23-18.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I HAVE HERETO SET
MY HAND AND AFFIXED THE OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE
CITY OF LONG BRANCH, MONMOUTH COUNTY, NEW
JERSEY THIS 4TH DAY OF APRIL, 2018.

MUNICIPAL CLERK, R.H.C.